## Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

MBBS Phase - I Degree Examination - JUNE 2016

**Time: Three Hours** 

Max. Marks: 50 Marks

Biochemistry – Paper I (RS2 & RS3) Q.P. CODE: 1079

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

(Note: Both QP Codes 1079 and 1080 are to be, answered within total duration of three hours)
(Use separate Answer books for QP Code 1079 & 1080)

LONG ESSAYS

 $1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ Marks}$ 

1. Give an account of Cholesterol biosynthesis with its regulation. Add a note on Atherosclerosis.

SHORT ESSAYS

 $5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ Marks}$ 

- 2. What are Uncouplers? Mention the Uncouplers of Oxidative Phosphorylation.
- 3. Describe Tryptophan metabolism.
- 4. Define Glycosaminoglycans. Describe its biomedical importance.
- 5. Isoenzymes
- 6. Describe Glycogenolysis. How it is regulated?

SHORT ANSWERS

 $5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ Marks}$ 

- 7. Biochemical changes in Starvation
- 8. Competitive inhibition of Enzyme activity
- 9. Rappaport Leubering cycle
- 10. Laboratory diagnosis for Hypothyroidism
- 11. Non-enzymatic Antioxidants

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## Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

MBBS Phase - I Degree Examination - JUNE 2016

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 50 Marks

Biochemistry – Paper II (RS2 & RS3) Q.P. CODE: 1080

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

(Note: Both QP Codes 1079 and 1080 are to be, answered within total duration of three hours)
(Use separate Answer books for QP Code 1079 & 1080)

LONG ESSAYS

 $1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ Marks}$ 

1. Describe the replication of DNA in Eukaryotes. Mention its inhibitors.

SHORT ESSAYS

 $5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ Marks}$ 

- 2. Recombinant DNA Technology and its applications.
- 3. What are Buffers? Explain the Plasma Buffers in maintaining Acid Base balance.
- 4. What is Methemoglobin? How it is formed? Mention the causes for Methemoglobinemia. How it is detected?
- 5. What are Restriction Endonucleases? Give any two examples with their biomedical importance.
- 6. Describe how Bilirubin is metabolised in the body. Write the normal values of Serum bilirubin.

## SHORT ANSWERS

 $5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ Marks}$ 

- 7. Balanced Diet
- 8. Reference values
- 9. Plasma proteins
- 10. Tests of Renal Distal Tubular function
- 11. Specific Dynamic Action

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